

GREEN POWERS CANNOT OBJECT

Defense of New Chuang by the Russians Was Expected.

MINISTER CONGER'S REPORT

NOTHING SAID ABOUT HAULING DOWN FLAGS.

Washington, March 29.—A correspondent of the Times at New Chuang, cabling under yesterday's date, says:

"The Russians today ordered the American flag on the corresponding masts to be hauled down. The proclamation of martial law completely paralyzes the whole commerce of this port."

Washington, March 29.—Minister Conger has called the state department from Peking that the Russian authorities have declared martial law at New Chuang and have formally notified all foreigners. Mr. Conger's message makes no reference to the reported hauling down of foreign flags by the Russians. The officials here assume that if this has been done it simply means that Russia has assumed the responsibility for the protection of foreign property belonging to the belligerents and that no effort will be made to interfere with the consular flags. Mr. Conger does not refer to the report of the Russian authorities at New Chuang to the consuls that they may no longer exercise consular jurisdiction and consular functions especially extrajudicial jurisdiction. It is said that if any such action has been taken it will raise a very serious question for the consuls to exercise their power in this treaty port under treaty stipulations with a sovereign power which is not a party to the war. It is not recalled, however, that it has been customary in time of war for a belligerent to undertake to deprive consuls of their functions.

Will Move Cautiously.

However, the state department is determined to move with the utmost circumspection and deliberation, taking any action or lodging any impression which might convey the impression that the United States is injecting itself into the present struggle without the most pressing necessity. In fact, it is stated that it is the intention to let matters alone for a while in order to allow actual experience to determine whether American interests really suffer from any of the acts taken by the belligerents in Manchuria as a result of these various notices and proclamations. Part of this policy is to refrain from pushing the points of the controversy, as Davidson, the American consul at Mukden and Antung, respectively.

Mukden is an armed camp and Antung is in the very vortex of the war, and it is realized here that it might be embarrassing to the belligerents to have foreign consuls newly located especially in the case of Antung, could not be defended on the ground of trade necessity, for there is no trade at present between these towns and the United States.

WITHIN HER RIGHTS.

Russia Was Expected to Proclaim Martial Law at New Chuang.

London, March 29.—The Associated Press learns that the British government has no intention of protesting against the Russian action in declaring martial law in New Chuang. An endeavor will be made in the ordinary way, and after the cessation of hostilities to secure compensation for such British mercantile property as has been affected. It has not yet been determined whether the British consul will remain at New Chuang, but this matter is not expected to be a serious one. It is pointed out at the foreign office that neither the United States nor Great Britain ever considered New Chuang neutral, and when Russia declared martial law it was tacitly admitted that New Chuang might quite likely be the scene of the Japanese attack and the Russians are considered quite within their rights in taking the necessary steps to prevent possible Japanese aggression.

At the Japanese legation the Russian proclamation of martial law at New Chuang was thought to be rather favorable to Japan, for railway service had been eliminated any protest on the part of the other powers in the event of an attack on New Chuang by Vice Admiral Togo.

AMERICAN, GERMAN AND DIPLOMATIC COUNCILS AGREE WITH THE BRITISH VIEW THAT THERE IS NO GROUNDED COMPLAINT AGAINST RUSSIA.

Several of the afternoon newspapers, however, bitterly attacked Alexieff's proclamation and demand that Great Britain and the United States forcibly protest against it.

OPINION IN PARIS.

Russia Had Given Notice of Preparations of Defense.

Paris, March 29.—The removal by Russian authorities of American and British flags at New Chuang is causing a lively discussion in the press here. The general opinion supports Russia's right to administer New Chuang militarily. The Russian embassy here says that the negotiations following the progress of Secretary Hay's note on China left much to be desired in the zone of military operations, and that the substitution of military for civil authority followed as a result of a friendly exchange of correspondence.

It is also pointed out that Russia gave notice to the foreign governments before laying torpedoes in the harbor of New Chuang, and gave notice also of other defensive measures. It is maintained that since this brought no protest from Russia, it adopted all the necessary defensive measures is conceded.

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"SCHOOL OF THE CROSS" NEXT ON PROGRAMME

Berlin, March 29.—Encouraged by the financial success of the season of 1903, the Oberammergau Passion play is preparing to revive in 1905 "The School of the Cross" in order that they may not remain idle until 1910, when the Passion play will next be given. The manuscript of "The School of the Cross" bears the date of 1662, and the play has often been given in a country part of the Passion play from the close of the eighteenth century to 1875, when it was first taken to America and then Crown Prince Frederick of Germany were present.

Next year the play will be presented in celebration of the unveiling of a group representing the crucifixion, which was presented by King Ludwig to the actors in the Passion play for their action on Mount Calvary, near Oberammergau.

"The School of the Cross" consists of a professor and five "Lessons of the Cross" and treats of Old Testament themes, each being followed by a living picture from the New Testament. The scenes are taken from the Old Testament precede the scenes from the New Testament in the Passion play. Rehearsals of "The School of the Cross" have begun.

KAISER IN ITALY.

Meeting of the German Monarch With the Dowager Queen.

Rome, March 29.—The meeting between the German Emperor and the Dowager Queen Margherita and the Emperor's mother, the Dowager Empress, which took place at the Vatican, where they had lunch, was a very interesting one. The Emperor, who was accompanied by his wife, the Empress, and the Dowager Empress, went to meet Emperor Umberto, named after her dead husband, and went to meet Emperor Umberto, named after her dead husband, and went to meet Emperor Umberto, named after her dead husband.

The two ships thus met out at sea. The scene was picturesque, as many flags fluttered gaily in the air, the crews cheered and the bands played the national anthems of Italy and Germany. Emperor William immediately boarded the Italian battleship *Re Umberto*, named after her dead husband, and went to meet Emperor Umberto, named after her dead husband, and went to meet Emperor Umberto, named after her dead husband.

MONEY ALL PAID IN.

St. Louis Prepared For the Democratic National Convention.

St. Louis, March 29.—It was announced today by the local committee in charge of the arrangements for the national Democratic convention, which will be held here, beginning July 6, that the \$40,000 pledged to the national committee by the local committee has been paid in full. The national committee will meet here next Monday to arrange definitely for seating arrangements during the convention. The local committee has planned, subject to the approval of the national committee, to place the speakers' stand on the north side of the Coliseum. It is estimated that the arena will have a seating capacity of 4,000, and in that division will be seated the delegates and newspaper reporters. The Coliseum and the arena will be reserved for spectators.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Henry A. Bogardus.

Chicago, March 29.—Henry A. Bogardus, a prominent American, died here today. He was 65 years old. He was a member of the American Bar Association and had been a member of the Chicago Bar Association for many years. He was a well-known lawyer and had been a member of the Chicago Bar Association for many years.

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FARO PLAYER KILLED IN NEVADA SALOON.

San Bernardino, Cal., March 29.—A man, who had been killed by a double tragedy at San Bernardino, Nev., in which William Randolph shot and killed a faro player in a saloon. The shooting attracted the attention of Deputy Sheriff Cotton, who rushed into the saloon and who was met with two shots fired at him by Randolph. Randolph returned the fire, fatally wounding Randolph, who died a short time later.

WAITER WAS CUT.

During a quarrel over a customer's order in a restaurant on Second street, a waiter was slashed by a knife. The waiter was a Chinese man, and the customer was a white man. The waiter was a Chinese man, and the customer was a white man.

Japan's Sea Training.

In the eleventh or twelfth century the Japanese were the most daring pirates of the east. In fact, they were the most daring pirates of the east. They were the most daring pirates of the east. They were the most daring pirates of the east.

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FIGHT UNTIL THE VESSELS SANK

Crews of the Variag and Korietz Return to Russian.

GRAND RECEPTION PLANNED

AN OFFICER'S STORY OF THE FIRST SEA BATTLE.

Odessa, March 29.—Information has been received here that the Russian steamship *Variag* and the gunboat *Korietz*, which were captured by the Japanese today and will arrive here tomorrow. Preparation for the reception of the survivors have been completed. The town will be decorated with bunting, and there will be grand illuminations and a commensurate of the Chempulpo fight.

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APPEAL TAKEN FROM MONDELL

Lively Session of the House Committee on Irrigation.

QUESTION OF JURISDICTION

REEDER'S FIGHT ON TIMBER AND STONE ACT.

Washington, March 29.—The question of committee jurisdiction resulted in a lively session today in the house committee on irrigation. The committee adjourned when the hour of 12 o'clock arrived, with an appeal from the ruling of Chairman Mondell pending. The trouble arose over a bill introduced by Representative Reeder, providing for amendments to the national irrigation act. When the bill was moved to it by committee, Mr. Reeder moved to strike out the first two sections. Subsequently this motion was made to cover all after the enacting clause. The name of the place, Tionjyn is not given on any maps that are available.

Nothing to Report.

London, March 29.—The Times prints a dispatch from its correspondent at Welhaven, Norway, dated March 28, which says: "I have just returned after a 100 mile canoe trip, and have nothing to report. The Russian or Japanese fleet is still in the water. The watch reported flash signalling at about 10 o'clock. The Russian fleet was destroyed by a heavy fog, and I returned to the Japanese to remain close to Port Arthur in view of the strength of the Russian in their torpedo boat destroyers."

Correspondents Held Back.

St. Petersburg, March 29.—(12 p. m.)—A correspondent of the Russian newspaper, says he has not been permitted to leave the city. He says that he will not be allowed to leave until April 2. All the correspondents have been held back. The Russian government has been holding back the correspondents. The Russian government has been holding back the correspondents.

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Calmly Confident.

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Have Been in Hiding.

Soul, March 29.—Russian officials who were formerly implicated in pro-Russian movements, and who remained in hiding, are reported now as having been seen. They are reported now as having been seen. They are reported now as having been seen.

Big Battle Will Be Delayed.

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NEW YORK PRIMARIES.

New York, March 29.—The primaries held in Manhattan today developed little interest, there being few contests. In Brooklyn, however, interest centered in the struggle between Senator McCareen and his opponent, William A. Doyle, the representative of Tammany hall, for the control of the Seventh and Ninth assembly districts. The struggle was a very close one. The struggle was a very close one.

THE KAISER'S HEALTH.

Paris, March 29.—According to the London correspondent of the Matin, a dispatch was received from Berlin during the night, coming from a high quarter, which says that alarming news has been received concerning the health of Emperor William. It is a recurrence of the threatened trouble for which the emperor was operated on last year.

ASSASSINS TO RETIRE.

Vienna, March 29.—A dispatch from Belgrade, Serbia, says that a settlement of the difficulties between Serbia and certain of the powers resulting from the assassination of King Alexander, and Queen Draga will be announced next week, involving the removal from the court of the officers connected with the conspiracy which resulted in the assassinations.

UNIONS ENJOINED.

Chicago, March 29.—Four injunctions restraining interference with the business of seventeen factories were today granted by Judge Kavanagh. The injunctions are in favor of members of the Chicago Brass Manufacturers' association and are directed against several unions, members of which are on strike.

LYNCHERS FOILED.

La Crosse, Wis., March 29.—As the result of an assault by Charles Powers, a Milwaukee railroad fireman, upon Inez Drake, aged 10 years, at Lanesboro, Wis., a mob of 500 men attempted to lynch the prisoner. The mob was repulsed by Marshal Gillingham and a band of armed deputies.

STOLEN NECKLACE FOUND.

Paris, March 29.—A Belgian accused of stealing the historical pearl necklace belonging to Princess Alice de Bourbon, daughter of Don Carlos, was arrested. The necklace, which had been pawned, is in the hands of the authorities.

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DOMINION GOVERNMENT AGAIN

FAVORS THE ORIENTAL HEATHEN

Victoria, B. C., March 29.—The Dominion government has again defied the two acts of the British Columbia legislature, which deal with Asiatic immigration into this province and the employment of Chinese in coal mines. Both measures were passed in the session just ended. Year after year British Columbia has re-enacted the measures dealing with Asiatic immigration, the act being framed on the